

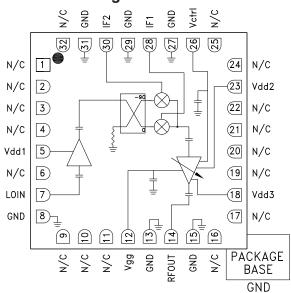


Typical Applications

The HMC6505LC5 is ideal for:

- Point-to-Point and Point-to-Multi-Point Radio
- Military Radar, EW & ELINT
- Satellite Communications
- Sensors

Functional Diagram



GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

Features

High Conversion Gain: 15 dB Sideband Rejection: 22 dBc LO / RF Rejection: 14 dBc High Output IP3: +35 dBm

32 Lead 5x5 mm SMT Ceramic Package: 25 mm²

General Description

The HMC6505LC5 is a compact GaAs MMIC I/Q upconverter in a leadless RoHS compliant SMT package. This device provides a small signal conversion gain of 15 dB with 22 dBc of sideband rejection. The HMC6505LC5 utilizes a RF amplifier preceded by an I/Q mixer where the LO is driven by a driver amplifier. IF1 and IF2 mixer inputs are provided and an external 90° hybrid is needed to select the required sideband. The I/Q mixer topology reduces the need for filtering of the unwanted sideband. The HMC6505LC5 is a much smaller alternative to hybrid style single sideband upconverter assemblies and it eliminates the need for wire bonding by allowing the use of surface mount manufacturing techniques.

Electrical Specifications, $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, IF = 350 MHz, LO = +4 dBm, Vdd2, 3 = +5V, Idd2 + Idd3 = 120 mA, Vdd1 = +5V, Idd1 = 125 mA [1][2][6]

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Frequency Range, RF		5.5 - 7		7 - 8.6			GHz
Frequency Range, LO		5 - 10			6.5 - 11.6		GHz
Frequency Range, IF		DC - 3			DC - 3		GHz
Conversion Gain [5]	12	15		11	14		dB
Sideband Rejection	18	22		18	22		dBc
1 dB Compression (Output)		21			22		dBm
IP3 (Output)	31	35		31	35		dBm
LO / RF Rejection [3] [4]	7	10		11	14		dBc
RF Return Loss		16			17		dB
LO Return Loss		8			9		dB
IF1 Return Loss		10			10		dB
IF2 Return Loss		8			8		dB
Supply Current Idd1		125			125		mA
Supply Current Idd2 + Idd3 [2]		120			120		mA

^[1] Unless otherwise noted all measurements performed with high side LO, IF = 350 MHz and external IF 90° hybrid.

^[2] Adjust Vgg between -2 to 0V to achieve Idd2 + Idd3 = 120 mA Typical.

^[3] The LO / RF Rejection is defined as the LO signal level at the RF output port relative to the desired RF output signal level.

^[4] The LO / RF Rejection data is with IF = -6 dBm.

^[5] Data based on subtracting out board loss and loss of hybrid.

^{[6] +3}V can also be used for Vdd1.





GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

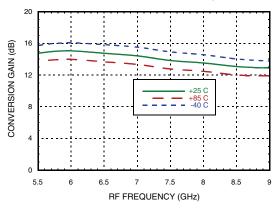
Electrical Specifications, (continued) [1]

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Frequency Range, RF		5.5 - 7		7 - 8.6			GHz
Frequency Range, LO		5 - 10		6.5 - 11.6			GHz
Frequency Range, IF		DC - 3			DC - 3		
Dynamic Range	18	20		18	20		dB
V Control	-4		0	-4		0	V
LO Power	-2	3	10	-2	3	10	dBm
Gain Flatness (150 MHz Segments)			0.5			0.5	dB
Noise Figure (Min Attenuation) [7]		11.5			12		dB

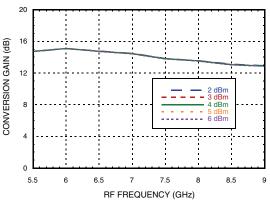
^[1] Unless otherwise noted all measurements performed with high side LO, IF = 350 MHz and external IF 90° hybrid.

Data Taken as SSB Upconverter with External IF 90° Hybrid, IF = 350 MHz

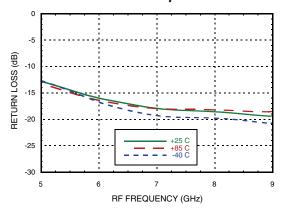
Conversion Gain, LSB vs. Temperature [8]



Conversion Gain, LSB vs. LO Drive [8]

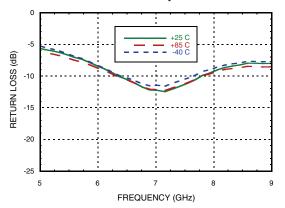


RF Return Loss vs. Temperature



[8] Board loss and Hybrid loss not subtracted out.

LO Return Loss vs. Temperature

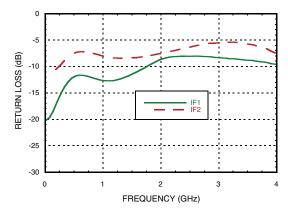


^[7] Noise Figure measurement performed with high side LO, IF = 2500 MHz and external IF 90° hybrid.

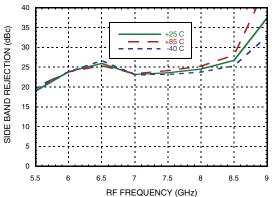


Data Taken as SSB Upconverter with External IF 90° Hybrid, IF = 350 MHz

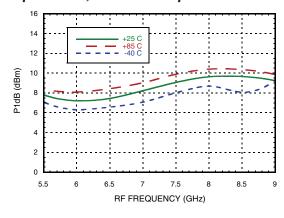
IF Return Loss [9]



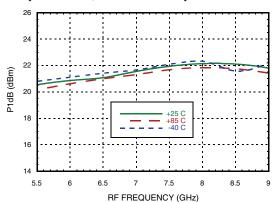
Sideband Rejection vs. Temperature



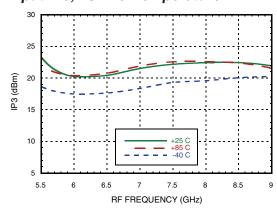
Input P1dB, LSB vs. Temperature



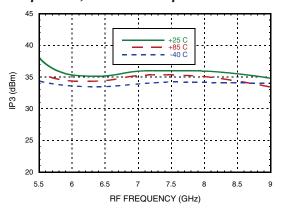
Output P1dB, LSB vs. Temperature



Input IP3, LSB vs. Temperature



Output IP3, LSB vs. Temperature



[9] Data taken without external IF 90° hybrid

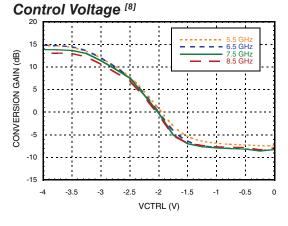




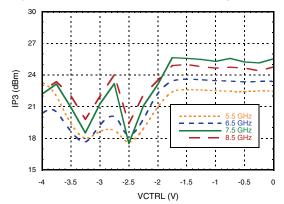
GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

Data Taken as SSB Upconverter with External IF 90° Hybrid, IF = 350 MHz

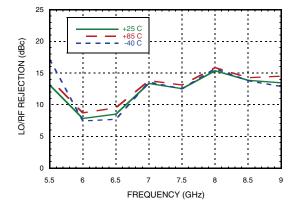
Conversion Gain, LSB vs.



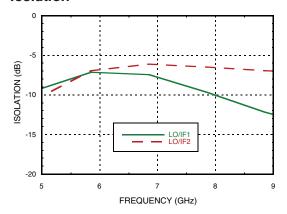
Input IP3, LSB vs. Control Voltage



LO/RF Rejection, LSB



Isolation

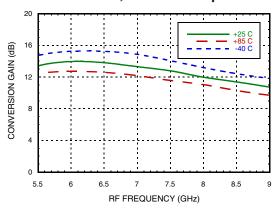




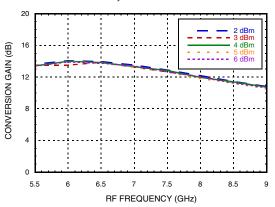


Data Taken as SSB Upconverter with External IF 90° Hybrid, IF = 2500 MHz

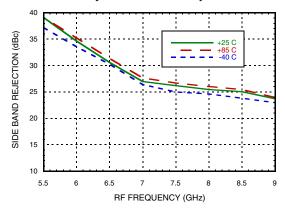
Conversion Gain, LSB vs. Temperature [8]



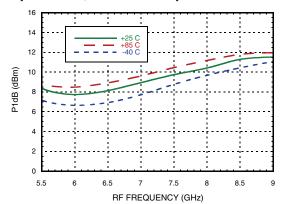
Conversion Gain, LSB vs. LO Drive [8]



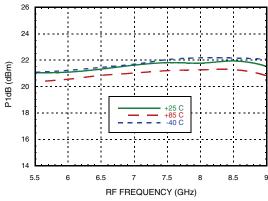
Sideband Rejection vs. Temperature

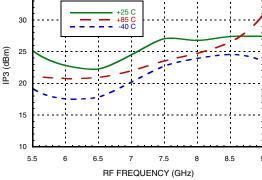


Input P1dB, LSB vs. Temperature



Output P1dB, LSB vs. Temperature





Input IP3, LSB vs. Temperature

[8] Board loss and Hybrid loss not subtracted out.

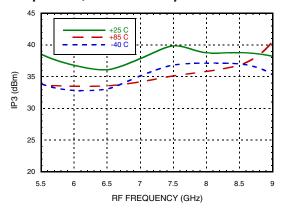




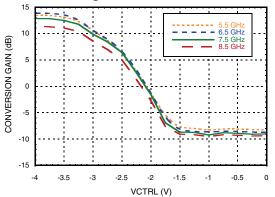
GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

Data Taken as SSB Upconverter with External IF 90° Hybrid, IF = 2500 MHz

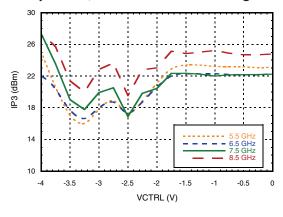
Output IP3, LSB vs. Temperature



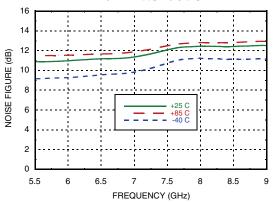
Conversion Gain, LSB vs. Control Voltage [8]



Input IP3, LSB vs. Control Voltage



Noise Figure, LSB vs. Temperature Minimum Attenuation

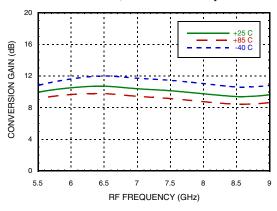




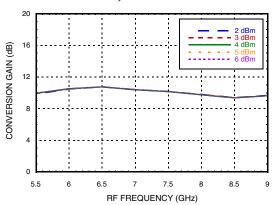


Data Taken as SSB Upconverter with External IF 90° Hybrid, IF = 350 MHz

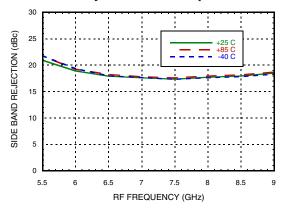
Conversion Gain, USB vs. Temperature [8]



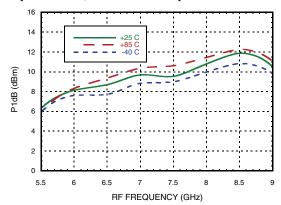
Conversion Gain, USB vs. LO Drive [8]



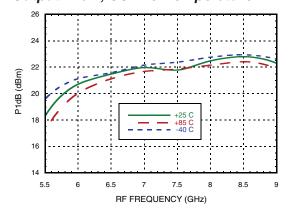
Sideband Rejection vs. Temperature



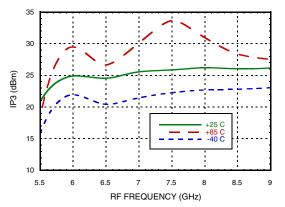
Input P1dB, USB vs. Temperature



Output P1dB, USB vs. Temperature



Input IP3, USB vs. Temperature



[8] Board loss and Hybrid loss not subtracted out.

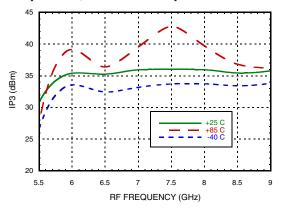


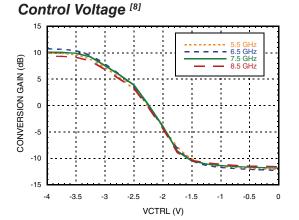
RoHS V

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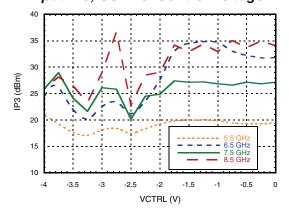
Data Taken as SSB Upconverter with External IF 90° Hybrid, IF = 350 MHz
Conversion Gain, USB vs.

Output IP3, USB vs. Temperature

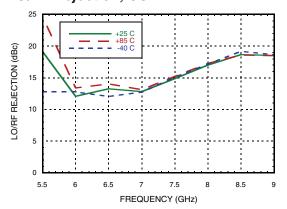




Input IP3, USB vs. Control Voltage



LO/RF Rejection, USB

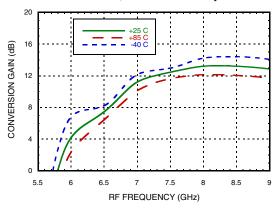




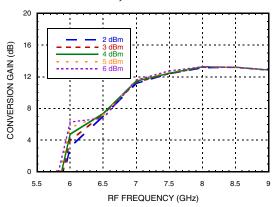


Data Taken as SSB Upconverter with External IF 90° Hybrid, IF = 2500 MHz

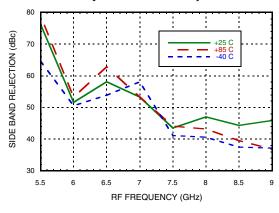
Conversion Gain, USB vs. Temperature [8]



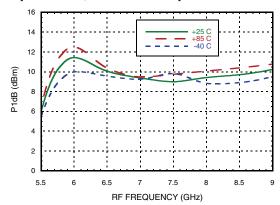
Conversion Gain, USB vs. LO Drive [8]



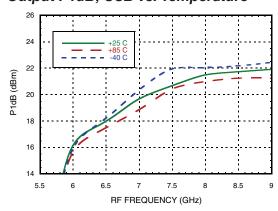
Sideband Rejection vs. Temperature



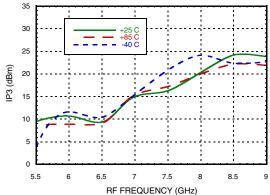
Input P1dB, USB vs. Temperature



Output P1dB, USB vs. Temperature



Input IP3, USB vs. Temperature



[8] Board loss and Hybrid loss not subtracted out.

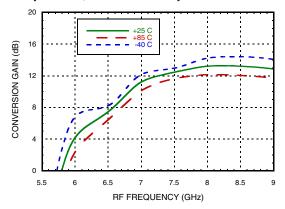


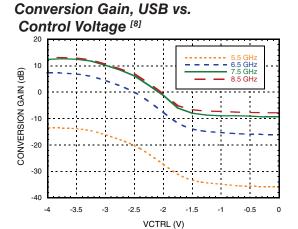


GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

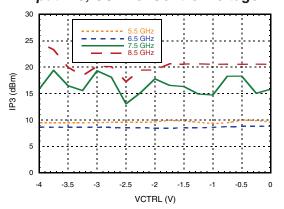
Data Taken as SSB Upconverter with External IF 90° Hybrid, IF = 2500 MHz

Output IP3, USB vs. Temperature





Input IP3, USB vs. Control Voltage







GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

MxN Spurious Outputs [1][2]

	nLO					
mIF	0	1	2	3	4	
0	х	17.3	35.1	57.5	62.6	
+1	80.6	0	39.6	66.4	93.3	
+2	49.9	64.3	40.6	72.3	91.5	
+3	96.7	57.8	87.4	78.5	89.8	
+4	88.5	100.8	89.3	94.2	91.7	

IF = 0.35 GHz @ -6 dBm LO = 8.5 GHz @ 0 dBm

		nLO				
mIF	0	1	2	3	4	
0	х	15.1	36.4	50.4	61.5	
+1	66.7	0	42.9	56.5	83.2	
+2	49.2	47.1	39.9	76.5	84.6	
+3	95.2	58.9	79.4	76	94.2	
+4	86.9	102.5	86.5	96.8	96.1	

IF = 0.35 GHz @ -6 dBm LO = 7.7 GHz @ 0 dBm

		nLO					
mIF	0	1	2	3	4		
0	х	11.6	23.6	38.4	60.1		
+1	59.8	0	42.9	45.4	70.9		
+2	48.5	50.4	39.4	79.9	76.7		
+3	86.9	61	87.5	76.2	94.3		
+4	85.2	82.4	86.2	97	95.7		

IF = 0.35 GHz @ -6 dBm LO = 7.0 GHz @ 0 dBm

- [1] Data taken without external IF 90° hybrid
- [2] All values in dBc below RF power level (LO + IF) USB
- [3] All values in dBc below RF power level (LO IF) LSB

MxN Spurious Outputs [1][3]

		nLO				
mIF	0	1	2	3	4	
0	х	17.3	35.1	56.5	62.7	
-1	80.6	0	42.8	62.9	93	
-2	49.9	53.3	39.3	72.9	90.3	
-3	96.9	56	90	75	93	
-4	88.2	101.9	89.4	96.1	91.1	

IF = 0.35 GHz @ -6 dBmLO = 8.5 GHz @ 0 dBm

	nLO				
mIF	0	1	2	3	4
0	х	15	36.4	50.6	60.1
-1	66.6	0	48.2	51.4	82.8
-2	49.2	47	38.1	79.7	79.9
-3	95.9	56.7	86.7	75.4	93.1
-4	86.9	94	88.3	97.4	93.8

IF = 0.35 GHz @ -6 dBm LO = 7.7 GHz @ 0 dBm

			nLO					
ml	F	0	1	2	3	4		
0)	х	11.6	23.5	38.3	58.7		
-1	l	59.7	0	46.7	36.9	73.4		
-2	2	48.6	53	37.7	75.2	69.1		
-3	3	87	58	75	70.9	91.1		
-4	1	84.8	87	83.6	99.5	93.1		

IF = 0.35 GHz @ -6 dBm LO = 7.0 GHz @ 0 dBm





GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

Absolute Maximum Ratings

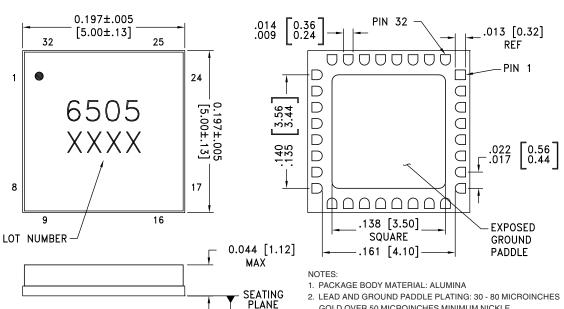
IF Input	+20 dBm
LO Input	+10 dBm
Vctrl	-5V to +0.3V
Vdd1	+5.5V
Vdd2 and Vdd3	+5.5V
Vgg	-3V to 0V
Channel Temperature	175 °C
Continuous Pdiss (T = 85°C) (derate 18.3 mW/°C above 85°C)	1.65 W
Thermal Resistance (channel to ground paddle)	54.6 °C/W
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150 °C
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85 °C
ESD Sensitivity (HBM)	Class1A



ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICE OBSERVE HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Outline Drawing

BOTTOM VIEW



·C-

- GOLD OVER 50 MICROINCHES MINIMUM NICKLE
- 3. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
- 4. LEAD SPACING TOLERANCE IS NON-CUMULATIVE
- 5. PACKAGE WARP SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.05mm DATUM
- 6. ALL GROUND LEADS AND GROUND PADDLE MUST BE SOLDERED TO PCB RF GROUND

Package Information

Part Number	Package Body Material	Lead Finish	MSL Rating	Package Marking [2]
HMC6505LC5	Alumina, White	Gold over Nickel	MSL3 ^[1]	6505 XXXX

^[1] Max peak reflow temperature of 260 °C

^{[2] 4-}Digit lot number XXXX





GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

Pin Descriptions

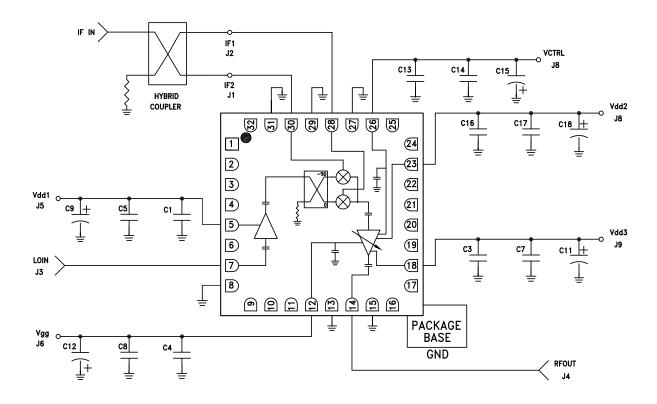
Pin Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1 - 4, 6, 9 - 11, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 32	N/C	No connection required. The pins are not connected internally; however, all data shown herein was measured with these pins connected to RF/DC ground externally.	
5	Vdd1	Power supply voltage for LO amplifier. See application circuit for required external components.	OVdd1
7	LOIN	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms.	LOIN O
8, 13, 15, 27, 29, 31	GND	These pins and package bottom must be connected to RF/DC ground.	○ GND =
12	Vgg	Gate control for RF amplifier, please follow "MMIC Amplifier Biasing Procedure" application note. See application circuit for required external components.	Vgg
14	RFOUT	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms.	— —○ RFOUT
18, 23	Vdd3, Vdd2	Power supply voltage for RF amplifier. See application circuit for required external components.	○ Vdd2,3 ————————————————————————————————————
26	Vctrl	Gain Control Voltage for RF Amplifier	Vetl
28	IF1	Differential IF input pins. For applications not requiring operation to DC, an off chip DC blocking capacitor should be used. For operation to DC this pin must not source/sink	IF1,IF2 0—
30	IF2	more than 3mA of current or part non function and possible part failure will result.	¥ 4





GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

Typical Application

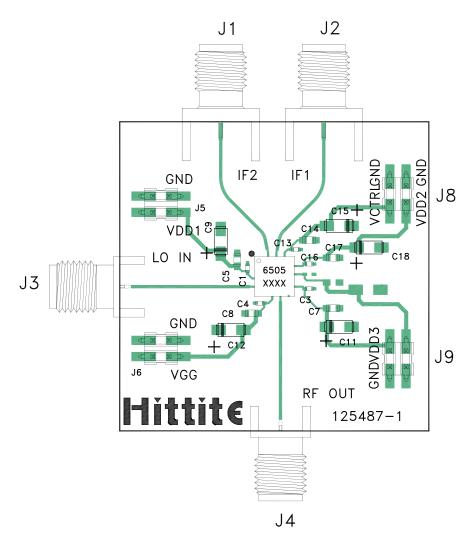


C1, C3, C4, C13, C16	100 pF Capacitor, 0402 Pkg.
C5, C7, C8, C14, C17	1000 pF Capacitor, 0603 Pkg.
C9, C11, C12, C15, C18	2.2 µF Capacitor, Case A Pkg.





Evaluation PCB



List of Materials for Evaluation PCB Eval01-HMC6505LC5 [1]

Item	Description
J1, J2	SMA Connector
J3, J4	K-Connector SRI
J5, J6, J8, J9	DC Pins
C1, C3, C4, C13, C16	100 pF Capacitor, 0402 Pkg.
C5, C7, C8, C14, C17	1000 pF Capacitor, 0603 Pkg.
C9, C11, C12, C15, C18	2.2 μF Capacitor, Case A
U1	HMC6505LC5 Upconverter
PCB [2]	125487 Evaluation Board

[1] Reference this number when ordering complete evaluation PCB $\,$

[2] Circuit Board Material: Arlon 25FR, FR4 or Rogers 4350

The circuit board used in the application should use RF circuit design techniques. Signal lines should have 50 Ohm impedance while the package ground leads and exposed paddle should be connected directly to the ground plane similar to that shown. A sufficient number of via holes should be used to connect the top and bottom ground planes. The evaluation circuit board shown is available from Hittite upon request.







ANALOGDEVICES

GaAs MMIC I/Q UPCONVERTER 5.5 - 8.6 GHz

Notes: