

Integrated AC LED Solution

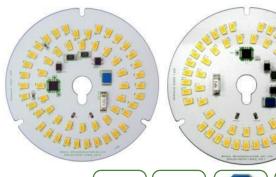
Acrich2 - 10W

SMJD-HEXV10W3

















Product Brief

Description

- The Acrich2 series of products are designed to be driven directly off of AC line voltage, therefore they do not need the standard converter essential for conventional general lighting products.
- The converter or driver found in most general lighting products can limit the overall life of the product, but with the Acrich2 series of products the life of the product can more closely be estimated from the LED itself. This will also allow for a much smaller form factor from an overall fixture design allowing for higher creativity in the fixture.
- The modules have a high power factor which can contribute to a higher energy savings in the end application.

Features and Benefits

- Connects directly to AC line voltage
- High Power Factor
- Low THD
- Long Life Time
- Simple BOM
- Lead Free Product
- RoHS Compliant
- High Efficacy up to 140 lm/W

Key Applications

- Ceiling light
- Flush mount
- Down light

Table 1. Product Selection

Part No.	Vin [Van]	D DAG	CCT IVI	Flux	[lm]	CRI
Part No.	Vin [Vac]	P [W]	сст [к]	Min.	Тур.	Min.
			4700-5300	1250	1350	-
SMJD-HE3V10W3	220	10	3700-4200	1100	1200	80
			2600-3200	1100	1200	
			4700-5300	1250	1350	
SMJD-HE2V10W3	120	10	3700-4200	4400	4000	80
			2600-3200	1100	1200	

Company Information

SMJD-HEXV10W3 - Acrich2 10W

Table of Contents

Index Product Brief Table of Contents Performance Characteristics Color Bin Structure Part List Mechanical Dimensions Circuit Drawing Marking Information Packing & Label Information Handling of Silicone Resin for LEDs Precaution for Use

Performance Characteristics

Table 2. Electro Optical Characteristics, T_a = 25°C

Damanadan	Completed		Value		l locate	Manta
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Mark
Luminous Flux	Φ _V ^[2]	1250	1350	1450	· Im	10c
Luminous Flux	Φ_{V}^{1-j}	1100	1200	1300	· Im	10b
		4700	5000	5300		С
Correlated Color	007	3700	4000	4200		E
Temperature [3]	CCT	2900	3000	3200	K	G
		2600	2700	2900	•	Н
CRI	Ra	80	-	-	-	
Innut Valtage [4]			120		\/	2V
Input Voltage [4]	V_{in}		220		Vac	3V
Power Consumption	Р	9	10	11	W	10W
Operating Frequency	f		50 / 60		Hz	
Power Factor	PF		Over 0.97		-	
Viewing Angle	2O _{1/2}		120		deg.	
Tolerance of Surge [5]	V _s	500		-	V	

Notes:

- (1) At 120Vac/220Vac, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$
- (2) Φ_V is the total luminous flux output measured with an integrated sphere.
 - * At CCT C rank, luminous flux mark 10b
 - At CCT E,G,H rank, luminous flux mark 10a
- (3) Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram.
- (4) Operating Voltage doesn't indicate the maximum voltage which customers use but means tolerable voltage according to each country's voltage variation rate. It is recommended that the solder pad temperature should be below 70 °C.
- (5) Surge withstand in accordance with IEC61000-4-5

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Maximum Input Voltage @120Vac	V	\/	140
Maximum Input Voltage @220Vac	$ V_{in}$	Vac	260
Power Consumption	Р	W	14
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	°C	-30 ~ 85
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	°C	-40 ~ 100
ESD Sensitivity	-	-	±4,000V HBM

Thermal Resistance

Part	Package Power Dissipation [W]	Maximum Junction Temperature [℃]	Rθ _{j-s} [℃/W]
Acrich2 LED	SAW8KG0B Max 0.58	125	27

The Acrich2 LED has a thermal resistance of 27 °C/W from junction of the LED to the

LED lead.

The maximum junction temperature of the Acrich2 LED package is 125 $^{\circ}$ C, therefore the maximum lead temperature T_{s_max} is

$$T_{s_{max}} = T_{j_{max}} - (R\theta_{j-s} * P_d)$$

= 125°C - (27°C/W * 0.58W) = 109.34°C

Although this is the maximum lead temperature, it is recommended to keep the lead temperature under 70 $^{\circ}$ C.

Relative Spectral Distribution

Fig 1. Relative Spectral Distribution vs. Wavelength Characteristic - G, H

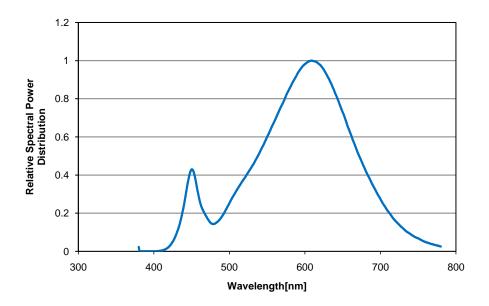
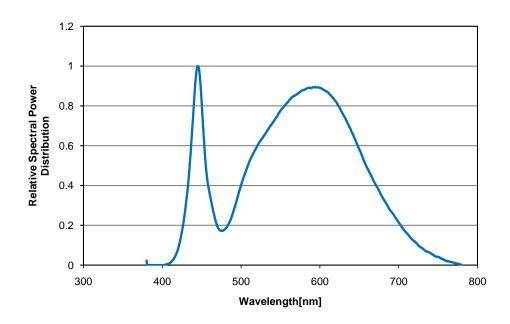
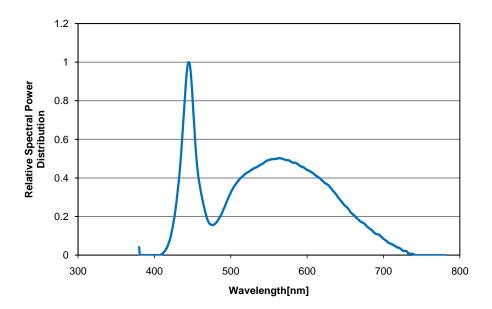


Fig 2. Relative Spectral Distribution vs. Wavelength Characteristic - E



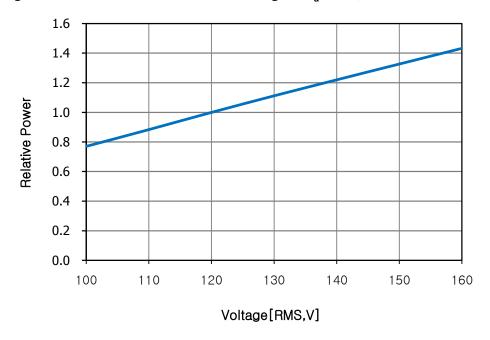
Relative Spectral Distribution

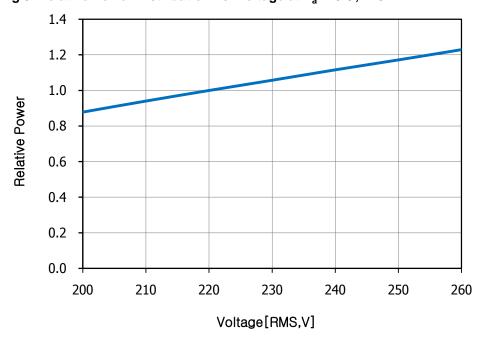
Fig 3. Relative Spectral Distribution vs. Wavelength Characteristic - C



Relative Power Distribution

Fig 4. Relative Power Distribution vs. Voltage at T_a =25 $^{\circ}$ C, 120V





Relative Luminous Distribution

Fig 6. Relative Luminous Flux vs. Voltage at $T_a = 25 \, ^{\circ} \! C$, 120V

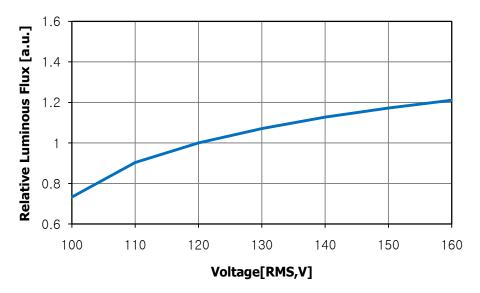
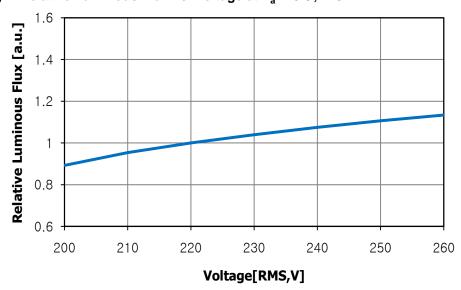
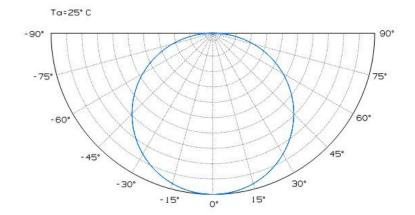


Fig 7. Relative Luminous Flux vs. Voltage at T_a =25 $^{\circ}$ C, 220V

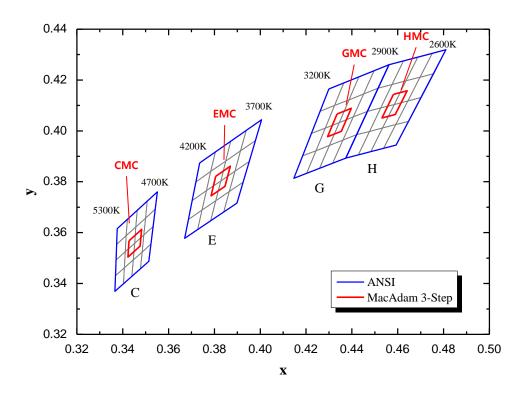


Luminous Flux Characteristics

Fig 8. Radiant Pattern, $T_a = 25 \,^{\circ}$ C

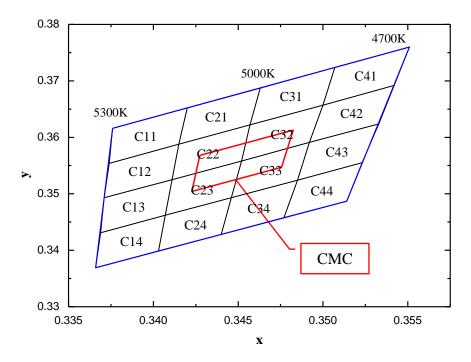


Color Bin Structure



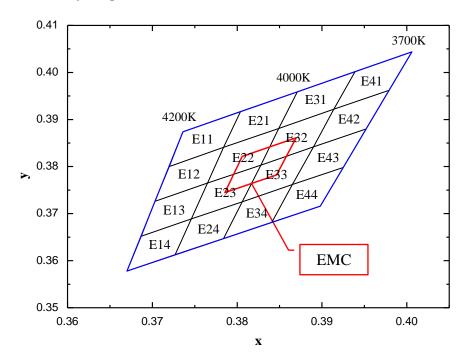
Bin	x	у	Bin	x	у
	0.3427	0.3568		0.3806	0.3822
CMC	0.3423	0.3504	EMC	0.3786	0.3745
CIVIC	0.3476	0.3547	EIVIC	0.3846	0.3782
	0.3482	0.3613		0.3870	0.3861
	0.4336	0.4067		0.4581	0.4143
GMC	0.4294	0.3977	НМС	0.4531	0.4051
GWC	0.4354	0.3999	HIVIC	0.4589	0.4065
	0.4398	0.4089	-	0.4641	0.4157

Color Bin Structure



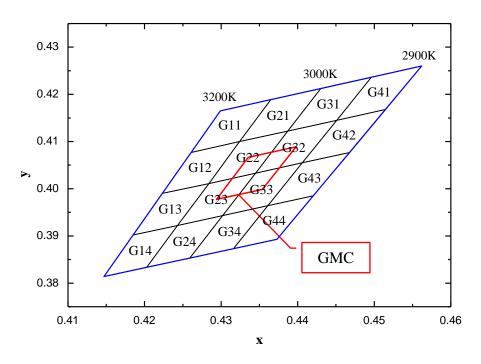
Bin	x	у	Bin	х	у	Bin	х	у	Bin	х	у
	0.3376	0.3616		0.3420	0.3652		0.3463	0.3687		0.3507	0.3724
C11	0.3374	0.3554	C21	0.3415	0.3588	C31	0.3457	0.3622	C41	0.3500	0.3657
	0.3415	0.3588	CZI	0.3457	0.3622	CSI	0.3500	0.3657	C41	0.3542	0.3692
	0.3420	0.3652		0.3463	0.3687		0.3507	0.3724		0.3551	0.3760
	0.3374	0.3554		0.3415	0.3588		0.3457	0.3622		0.3500	0.3657
C12	0.3371	0.3493	C22	0.3411	0.3525	C32	0.3452	0.3558	C42	0.3492	0.3591
CIZ	0.3411	0.3525	CZZ	0.3452	0.3558	C32	0.3492	0.3591	042	0.3533	0.3624
	0.3415	0.3588		0.3457	0.3622		0.3500	0.3657		0.3542	0.3692
	0.3371	0.3493		0.3411	0.3525		0.3452	0.3558		0.3492	0.3591
C13	0.3369	0.3431	C23	0.3407	0.3462	C33	0.3446	0.3493	C43	0.3485	0.3524
Cis	0.3407	0.3462	G23	0.3446	0.3493	CSS	0.3485	0.3524	C43	0.3523	0.3555
	0.3411	0.3525		0.3452	0.3558		0.3492	0.3591		0.3533	0.3624
	0.3369	0.3431		0.3407	0.3462		0.3446	0.3493		0.3485	0.3524
C14	0.3366	0.3369	C24	0.3403	0.3399	C34	0.3440	0.3428	C44	0.3477	0.3458
614	0.3403	0.3399	U2 4	0.3440	0.3428	U3 4	0.3477	0.3458	U44	0.3514	0.3487
	0.3407	0.3462		0.3446	0.3493		0.3485	0.3524		0.3523	0.3555

Color Bin Structure



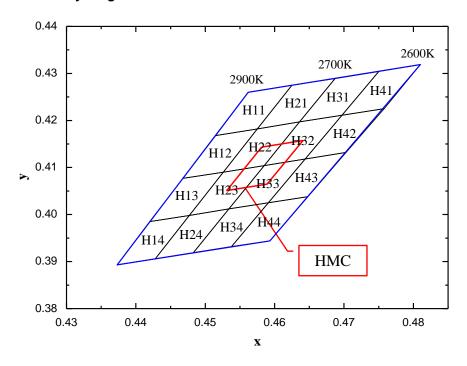
Bin	x	у	Bin	х	у	Bin	х	у	Bin	х	у
	0.3736	0.3874		0.3804	0.3917		0.3871	0.3959		0.3939	0.4002
E11	0.3720	0.3800	E21	0.3784	0.3841	E31	0.3849	0.3881	E41	0.3914	0.3922
	0.3784	0.3841	EZI	0.3849	0.3881	E31	0.3914	0.3922	E41	0.3979	0.3962
	0.3804	0.3917		0.3871	0.3959		0.3939	0.4002		0.4006	0.4044
	0.3720	0.3800		0.3784	0.3841		0.3849	0.3881		0.3914	0.3922
E12	0.3703	0.3726	E22	0.3765	0.3765	E32	0.3828	0.3803	E42	0.3890	0.3842
L12	0.3765	0.3765	E22	0.3828	0.3803	L32	0.3890	0.3842	L42	0.3952	0.3880
	0.3784	0.3841		0.3849	0.3881		0.3914	0.3922		0.3979	0.3962
	0.3703	0.3726		0.3765	0.3765		0.3828	0.3803		0.3890	0.3842
E13	0.3687	0.3652	E23	0.3746	0.3689	E33	0.3806	0.3725	E43	0.3865	0.3762
	0.3746	0.3689	EZ3	0.3806	0.3725	ESS	0.3865	0.3762	E43	0.3925	0.3798
	0.3765	0.3765		0.3828	0.3803		0.3890	0.3842		0.3952	0.3880
	0.3687	0.3652		0.3746	0.3689		0.3806	0.3725		0.3865	0.3762
E14	0.3670	0.3578	E24	0.3727	0.3613	E24	0.3784	0.3647	E44	0.3841	0.3682
614	0.3727	0.3613	E 24	0.3784	0.3647	E34 -	0.3841	0.3682	E44	0.3898	0.3716
	0.3746	0.3689		0.3806	0.3725		0.3865	0.3762		0.3925	0.3798

Color Bin Structure



Bin	x	у	Bin	х	у	Bin	х	у	Bin	x	у
	0.4299	0.4165		0.4364	0.4188		0.4430	0.4212		0.4496	0.4236
G11	0.4261	0.4077	G21	0.4324	0.4099	G31	0.4387	0.4122	G41	0.4451	0.4145
Gii	0.4324	0.4100	GZI	0.4387	0.4122	GSI	0.4451	0.4145	G41	0.4514	0.4168
	0.4365	0.4189		0.4430	0.4212		0.4496	0.4236		0.4562	0.4260
	0.4261	0.4077		0.4324	0.4100		0.4387	0.4122		0.4451	0.4145
G12	0.4223	0.3990	G22	0.4284	0.4011	G32	0.4345	0.4033	G42	0.4406	0.4055
Giz	0.4284	0.4011	GZZ	0.4345	0.4033	G32	0.4406	0.4055	G42	0.4468	0.4077
	0.4324	0.4100		0.4387	0.4122		0.4451	0.4145		0.4515	0.4168
	0.4223	0.3990		0.4284	0.4011		0.4345	0.4033		0.4406	0.4055
G13	0.4185	0.3902	G23	0.4243	0.3922	G33	0.4302	0.3943	G43	0.4361	0.3964
913	0.4243	0.3922	G23	0.4302	0.3943	G 33	0.4361	0.3964	043	0.4420	0.3985
	0.4284	0.4011		0.4345	0.4033		0.4406	0.4055		0.4468	0.4077
	0.4243	0.3922		0.4302	0.3943		0.4302	0.3943		0.4361	0.3964
G14	0.4203	0.3834	G24	0.4259	0.3853	G34	0.4259	0.3853	G44	0.4316	0.3873
914	0.4147	0.3814	G24	0.4203	0.3834	G34	0.4316	0.3873	G44	0.4373	0.3893
	0.4185	0.3902		0.4243	0.3922		0.4361	0.3964		0.4420	0.3985

Color Bin Structure



Bin	х	у	Bin	х	у	Bin	х	у	Bin	х	у
	0.4562	0.4260		0.4625	0.4275		0.4687	0.4289		0.4750	0.4304
H11	0.4515	0.4168	H21	0.4575	0.4182	H31	0.4636	0.4197	H41	0.4697	0.4211
"''	0.4575	0.4182	П21	0.4636	0.4197	пэт	0.4697	0.4211	П41	0.4758	0.4225
	0.4625	0.4275		0.4687	0.4289		0.4750	0.4304		0.4810	0.4319
	0.4515	0.4168		0.4575	0.4182		0.4636	0.4197		0.4697	0.4211
H12	0.4468	0.4077	H22	0.4526	0.4090	H32	0.4585	0.4104	H42	0.4644	0.4118
1112	0.4526	0.4090	П22	0.4585	0.4104	ПЭД	0.4644	0.4118	1142	0.4703	0.4132
	0.4575	0.4182		0.4636	0.4197		0.4697	0.4211		0.4758	0.4225
	0.4468	0.4077		0.4526	0.4090		0.4585	0.4104		0.4644	0.4118
H13	0.4420	0.3985	H23	0.4477	0.3998	H33	0.4534	0.4012	H43	0.4591	0.4025
113	0.4477	0.3998	п23	0.4534	0.4012	пээ	0.4591	0.4025	П43	0.4648	0.4038
	0.4526	0.4090		0.4585	0.4104		0.4644	0.4118		0.4703	0.4132
	0.4420	0.3985		0.4477	0.3998		0.4534	0.4012		0.4591	0.4025
H14	0.4373	0.3893	H24	0.4428	0.3906	⊔ 24	0.4483	0.3919	шии	0.4538	0.3932
H14	0.4428	0.3906	П24	0.4483	0.3919	H34 -	0.4538	0.3932	- H44 -	0.4593	0.3944
	0.4477	0.3998		0.4534	0.4012		0.4591	0.4025		0.4648	0.4038

Part List

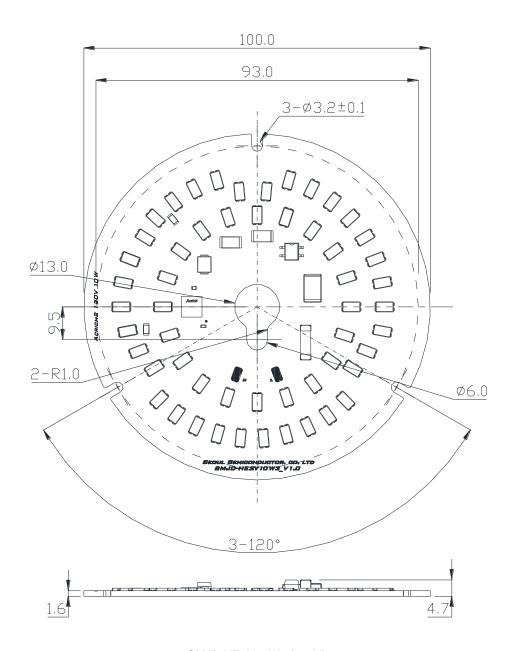
Table 4. Part List

No	Part	Reference	Specification	Quantity
1	РСВ	-	Al, Φ =100, T=1.6, 1 layer / Cu 1oz / White PSR	1
2	LED	D1~D54	SAW8KG0B	54
	10	114	DT3001B @120Vac	1
3	IC	U1	DT3001A @220Vac	1
4	Fuse	F1	250V, 1A	1
5	Varistor	V1	275Vac	1
6	Bridge Diode	BD1	600V, 1A	1
7	TVS	Z1	440V, 600W, 5%, Unidirectional	1
8		R1, R2	R6432, 22Ω, 5%(J)	2
	-		R1608, 2kΩ, 1%(F) @120Vac	1
9	Decision	R_SET	R1608, 1kΩ, 1%(F) @220Vac	1
10	Resistor	R_{BLD}	R1608, 1kΩ, 5%(J)	1
44	-	14 10	R3216, 0Ω, 5%(J) @120Vac	2
11		J1, J2	R3216, 0Ω, 5%(J) @220Vac	-

Notes:

(1) The above specification is subject to change without further notice for the improvement of products.

Mechanical Dimensions

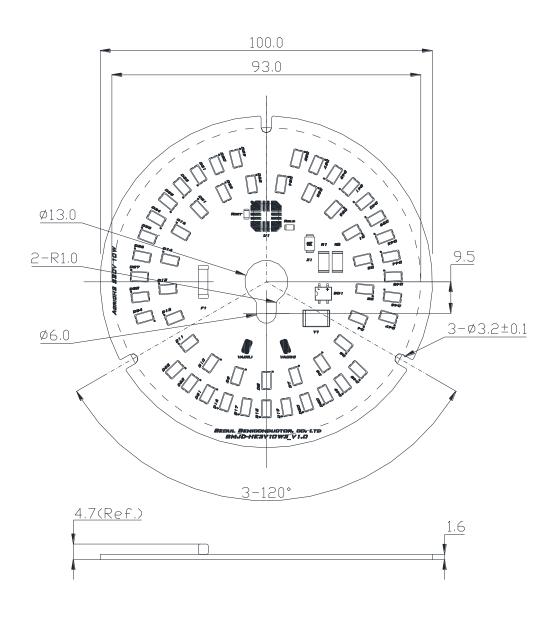


SMJD-HE2V10W3 (120V)

Notes:

- (1) All dimensions are in millimeters. (Tolerance unless noted : ± 0.2)
- (2) Scale: None

Mechanical Dimensions

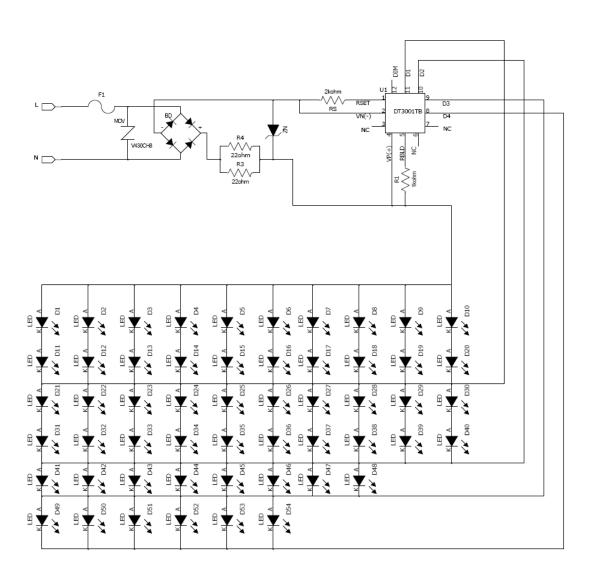


SMJD-HE3V10W3 (220V)

Notes:

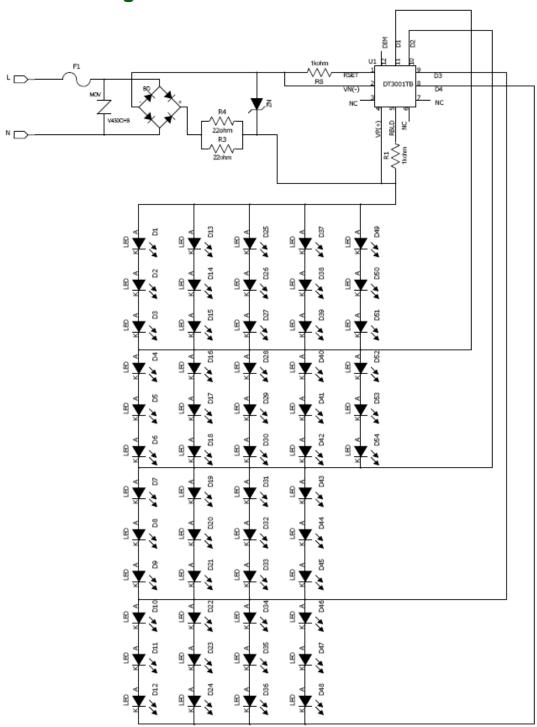
- (1) All dimensions are in millimeters. (Tolerance unless noted : ± 0.2)
- (2) Scale: None

Circuit Drawing



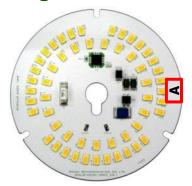
SMJD-HE2V10W3 (120V)

Circuit Drawing

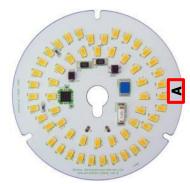


SMJD-HE3V10W3 (220V)

Marking Information



SMJD-HE3V10W3 (220V)



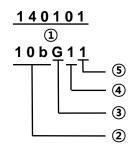
SMJD-HE2V10W3 (120V)

A: Marking

(2) Combination Bin

A: ex) 140101 10bG11

- Description



(1) Single Bin

A: ex) 140101 Z4G32

- Description

140101 ①

- ① SMT Date (YYMMDD, 6 Digits)
- ② LED PKG. Luminous Intensity Bin (2 Digits)
- Z4G32 ② 3
- 3 LED PKG. Color Bin (3 Digits)
- ① SMT Date (YYMMDD, 6 Digits)
- 2 Module Flux Bin (3 Digits)
- 3 CCT (1 Digit)
- 4 CCT Combination NO. (1 Digit)
- 5 VF Combination NO. (1 Digit)

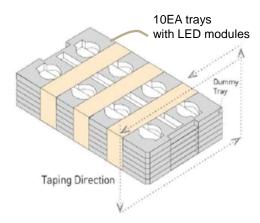
	(a Module					® CT		сст	④ Combin	ation	VF C	⑤ Combina	ntion
Mark	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Mark	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Mark	Bin1	Bin2	Mark	Bin1	Bin2
10b	1100	1200	1300	С	4700	5000	5300	0	22	33	1	Α	Α
10c	1250	1350	1450	E	3700	4000	4200	1	23	32	2	Α	В
				G	2900	3000	3200	2	33	22	3	В	Α
				Н	2600	2700	2900	3	32	23	4	А	С
								4	МС	МС	5	С	А
											6	В	В
											7	В	С
		,		s flux ma							8	С	В
A	I COTE	:, G ,H ra	ınk, ium	iinous fl	ux mark	dur					9	С	С

Packing

1. Tray information

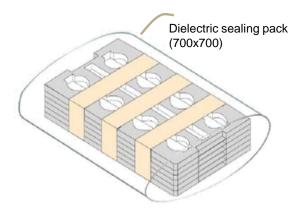


- 8 PCS LED modules packed per tray
- 2. Tray stack and taping

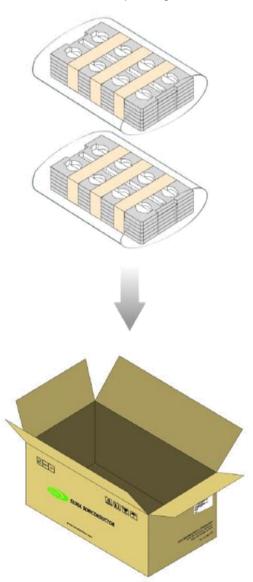


- 10 LED module trays and additional 2 dummy trays up and down of box
- Add silica gel (1EA) on top of the tray

3. Sealing packing



4. Box information & packing



- 160 PCS modules per BOX 1EA
- ** 1 Box: 8 PCS per tray x 20 trays = 160 PCS

Label Information

Model No.	SMJD-HEXV10W3 (1)
Rank	XXXXXXX (2)
Туре	STD / 3-Step (3)
Quantity	XXX
Lot No.	YYMDDXXXXX-XXXXXXX
SEOUL	SEOUL SEMICONDUCTOR CO.,LTD.

Notes

(1) The model number designation is explained as follow

SMJD : Seoul Semiconductor internal code

HE: Initial of High Efficacy XV: (2V = 120V, 3V = 220V) 10W: About Power Consumption 3: MJT PKG (SAW8KG0B)

(2) It represents the LED module rank.

ALL : Single Bin, 10b/10c : Combination Bin

X16 : Each Sub-Bin NO. (X = CCT)

A: Single Bin, M: Combination Bin(3-Step)

- (3) It represents single bin(STD) or MacAdam 3-Step(3-Step).
- (4) It is attached to the top of a sealing pack & the bottom right corner of the box.



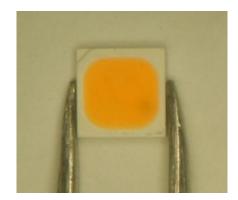
SEOUL SEMICONDUCTOR CO.,LTD.

Notes

(1) It is attached to the bottom right corner of the box.

Handling of Silicone Resin for LEDs





- (1) Acrich2 series is encapsulated with silicone resin for high optical efficiency.
- (2) Please do not touch the silicone resin area with sharp objects such as pincette(tweezers).
- (3) Finger prints on silicone resin area may affect the performance.
- (4) Please store LEDs in covered containers to prevent dust accumulation as this may affect performance.
- (5) Excessive force more than 3000gf to the silicone lens can result in fatal or permanent damage with LEDs.
- (6) Please do not cover the silicone resin area with any other resins such as epoxy, urethane, etc.

Precaution for Use

- (1) Please review the Acrich2 Application Note for proper protective circuitry usage.
- (2) Please note, Acrich2 products run off of high voltage, therefore caution should be taken when working near Acrich2 products.
- (3) Make sure proper discharge prior to starting work.
- (4) DO NOT touch any of the circuit board, components or terminals with body or metal while circuit is active.
- (5) Please do not add or change wires while Acrich2 circuit is active.
- (6) Long time exposure to sunlight or UV can cause the lens to discolor.
- (7) Please do not use adhesives to attach the LED that outgas organic vapor.
- (8) Please do not use together with the materials containing Sulfur.
- (9) Please do not assemble in conditions of high moisture and/or oxidizing gas such as Cl, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, NO_x, etc.
- (10) Please do not make any modification on module.
- (11) Please be cautious when soldering to board so as not to create a short between different trace patterns.
- (12) Do not impact or place pressure on this product because even a small amount of pressure can damage the product. The product should also not be placed in high temperatures, high humidity or direct sunlight since the device is sensitive to these conditions.
- (13) When storing devices for a long period of time before usage, please following these guidelines:
 - * The devices should be stored in the anti-static bag that it was shipped in from Seoul-Semiconductor with opening.
 - * If the anti-static bag has been opened, re-seal preventing air and moisture from being present in the bag.
- (14) LEDs and IC are sensitive to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) and Electrical Over Stress (EOS). The Acrich2 product should also not be installed in end equipment without ESD protection. Below is a list of suggestions that Seoul Semiconductor purposes to minimize these effects.
- a. ESD (Electro Static Discharge)

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) is the defined as the release of static electricity when two objects come into contact. While most ESD events are considered harmless, it can be an expensive problem in many industrial environments during production and storage. The damage from ESD to an LEDs may cause the product to demonstrate unusual characteristics such as:

Precaution for Use

- Increase in reverse leakage current lowered turn-on voltage
- Abnormal emissions from the LED at low current

The following recommendations are suggested to help minimize the potential for an ESD event. One or more recommended work area suggestions:

- Ionizing fan setup
- ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials
- ESD safe storage containers

One or more personnel suggestion options:

- Antistatic wrist-strap
- Antistatic material shoes
- Antistatic clothes

Environmental controls:

- Humidity control (ESD gets worse in a dry environment)

b. EOS (Electrical Over Stress)

Electrical Over-Stress (EOS) is defined as damage that may occur when an electronic device is subjected to a current or voltage that is beyond the maximum specification limits of the device. The effects from an EOS event can be noticed through product performance like:

- Changes to the performance of the LED package
 (If the damage is around the bond pad area and since the package is completely encapsulated the package may turn on but flicker show severe performance degradation.)
- Changes to the light output of the luminaire from component failure
- Components on the board not operating at determined drive power

Failure of performance from entire fixture due to changes in circuit voltage and current across total circuit causing trickle down failures. It is impossible to predict the failure mode of every LED exposed to electrical overstress as the failure modes have been investigated to vary, but there are some common signs that will indicate an EOS event has occurred:

- Damaged may be noticed to the bond wires (appearing similar to a blown fuse)
- Damage to the bond pads located on the emission surface of the LED package (shadowing can be noticed around the bond pads while viewing through a microscope)
- Anomalies noticed in the encapsulation and phosphor around the bond wires
- This damage usually appears due to the thermal stress produced during the EOS event
- c. To help minimize the damage from an EOS event Seoul Semiconductor recommends utilizing:
 - A surge protection circuit
 - An appropriately rated over voltage protection device
 - A current limiting device

Company Information

Published by

Seoul Semiconductor © 2013 All Rights Reserved.

Company Information

Seoul Semiconductor (www.SeoulSemicon.com) manufacturers and packages a wide selection of light emitting diodes (LEDs) for the automotive, general illumination/lighting, Home appliance, signage and back lighting markets. The company is the world's fifth largest LED supplier, holding more than 10,000 patents globally, while offering a wide range of LED technology and production capacity in areas such as "nPola", "Acrich", the world's first commercially produced AC LED, and "Acrich MJT - Multi-Junction Technology" a proprietary family of high-voltage LEDs.

The company's broad product portfolio includes a wide array of package and device choices such as Acrich and Acirch2, high-brightness LEDs, mid-power LEDs, side-view LEDs, and through-hole type LEDs as well as custom modules, displays, and sensors.

Legal Disclaimer

Information in this document is provided in connection with Seoul Semiconductor products. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Seoul Semiconductor hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party. The appearance and specifications of the product can be changed to improve the quality and/or performance without notice.